

June 28, 2019

iCubate, Inc. % Fran White President MDC Associates, LLC 180 Cabot Street Beverly, Massachusetts 01915

Re: K190341

Trade/Device Name: iC-GN iC-Cassette for use on the iC-System

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 866.3365

Regulation Name: Multiplex nucleic acid assay for identification of microorganisms and resistance

markers from positive blood cultures

Regulatory Class: Class II

Product Code: PEN

Dated: February 11, 2019 Received: February 14, 2019

Dear Fran White:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal

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statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801 and Part 809); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to https://www.fda.gov/medical-device-problems.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

for

Uwe Scherf, M.Sc., Ph.D.
Director
Division of Microbiology Devices
OHT7: Office of In Vitro Diagnostics
and Radiological Health
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

510(k) SUMMARY

<u>Date of Summary:</u> June 22, 2019

<u>Product Name:</u> iC-GN Assay[™] for use on the iC-System[™]

Sponsor:

iCubate, Inc. 601 Genome Way Huntsville, AL 35806

Correspondent:

MDC Associates, Inc. Fran White, President 180 Cabot Street Beverly, MA 01915 Phone: (978) 705 5011

Fax: (866) 540 3448

Email: regulatory@mdcassoc.com

Common Name:

Gram-Negative Bacteria and Associated Resistance Markers

Regulation Number:

866.3365

Classification:

PEN, Class II

Substantial Equivalency

<u>Substantial Equivalency</u>						
Characteristic	iC-GN Assay™ for u	ate, Inc. se on the iC-System™ Device)	Nanosphere, Inc. Verigene® Gram Negative Blood Culture Nucleic Acid Test (GC-GN) K132843 (Predicate Device)			
		Similarities				
Intended Use	The iCubate, Inc. iC-C the iC-System™ is a c multiplexed, in vitro detection and identif pathogenic gram neg may cause bloodstre iC-GN Assay™ is perf positive blood cultur stain to contain gram Cultures demonstrat results should not be The iC-GN Assay™ is select BACTEC™, Bac VersaTREK® blood cu GN Assay™ is indicate conjunction with oth laboratory findings, s in the diagnosis of be infections; however, monitor bloodstream The iC-GN Assay™ de identifies the followi Bacterial Genera and Species Acinetobacter baumannii complex Enterobacter cloacae complex Escherichia coli Klebsiella oxytoca Klebsiella pneumoniae Pseudomonas aeruginosa Proteus species Serratia marcescens In mixed growth, the	Similarities GN Assay™ for use on qualitative, diagnostic test for the fication of potentially gative bacteria, which am infection (BSI). The formed directly on es, confirmed by Gram in negative bacilli. ing mixed Gram stain etested on the assay. validated for use with etertion (BSI). The infection in the confirmed by Gram in the tested on the assay. validated for use with etertion in the confirmed by Gram in the confirmed by Gram and alture bottles. The iChed for use in the confirmed by Gram in the confirmed by the confirmed				
	not specifically attrib NDM, or CTX-M grou genera or species. Sub-culturing of pos necessary to rec					
	1 1111111111111111111111111111111111111	over organisms for				

Characteristic	iCubate, Inc. iC-GN Assay™ for use on the iC-System™ (New Device)	Nanosphere, Inc. Verigene® Gram Negative Blood Culture Nucleic Acid Test (GC-GN) K132843 (Predicate Device)
	susceptibility testing, identification of organisms not detected by the iC-GN Assay™, differentiation of mixed growth, association of antimicrobial resistance marker genes to a specific organism, or for epidemiological typing.	
Sample Type	Positive Blood Culture	Positive Blood Culture
	Differences	
INSTRUMENT REQUIREMENTS	iC-System™	Verigene System
TEST PRINCIPLE	ARM-PCR	Gold nanoparticle probe-based PCR
COMPATIBLE BLOOD CULTURE BOTTLES	BD BACTEC Standard/10 Aerobic/F BD BACTEC Standard/10 Anaerobic/F BD BACTEC Plus Aerobic/F BD BACTEC Plus Anaerobic/F BD BACTEC Lytic/10 Anaerobic/F BacT/Alert SA Standard Aerobic BacT/Alert SN Standard Anaerobic BacT/Alert FA Aerobic FAN BacT/Alert FN Anaerobic FAN BacT/Alert FN Plus Aerobic BacT/Alert FN Plus Aerobic VersaTREK REDOX 1 VersaTREK REDOX 2	BACTEC TM Plus Aerobic/F BacT/ALERT FA FAN
THROUGHPUT	Four (4) samples/iC-Processor™	One (1) Sample/Processor

Intended Use

The iCubate, Inc. iC-GN Assay™ for use on the iC-System™ is a qualitative, multiplexed, *in vitro* diagnostic test for the detection and identification of potentially pathogenic gram negative bacteria, which may cause bloodstream infection (BSI). The iC-GN Assay™ is performed directly on positive blood cultures, confirmed by Gram stain to contain gram negative bacilli. Cultures demonstrating mixed Gram stain results should not be tested on the assay. The iC-GN Assay™ is validated for use with select *BACTEC™*, *BacT/ALERT®* and *VersaTREK®* blood culture bottles. The iC-GN Assay™ is indicated for use in conjunction with other clinical and laboratory findings, such as culture, to aid in the diagnosis of bacterial bloodstream infections; however, it is not used to monitor bloodstream infections.

The iC-GN Assay™ detects target DNA and identifies the following:

Bacterial Genera and Species	Resistance Markers
Acinetobacter baumannii complex Enterobacter cloacae complex Escherichia coli Klebsiella oxytoca Klebsiella pneumoniae Pseudomonas aeruginosa Proteus species Serratia marcescens	KPC (bla _{KPC})- associated with resistance to carbapenems NDM (bla _{NDM})- associated with resistance to carbapenems CTX-M group 1(bla _{CTX-M} group 1)- associated with resistance to extended spectrum beta-lactams

In mixed growth, the iC-GN Assay™ does not specifically attribute detection of KPC, NDM, or CTX-M group 1 to a specific genera or species.

Sub-culturing of positive blood cultures is necessary to recover organisms for susceptibility testing, identification of organisms not detected by the iC-GN Assay™, differentiation of mixed growth, association of antimicrobial resistance marker genes to a specific organism, or for epidemiological typing.

Limitations

For prescription use only.

Please refer to the iC-GN Assay™ labeling for a more complete list of warnings, precautions and contraindications.

Methodology

The iC-GN Assay™ utilizes polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for the multiplex amplification of specific targets and detects the amplified targets with microarray hybridization. Targets are detected directly from patient positive blood cultures confirmed by Gram stain to contain gram negative bacilli. The iC-GN Assay utilizes proprietary ARM-PCR (Amplicon Rescued Multiplex PCR) technology allowing for multiple targets to be amplified in one reaction. Testing is done in a self-contained, automated, disposable cassette using the iCubate™ processor (iC-Processor™). After the reaction is complete, the cassette is read on the

iCubate® reader (iC-Reader™). Results from the iC-Reader™ are interpreted by iC-Report™ software and a final report is displayed on the iMac® computer.

To operate, the user opens the iC-Cassette[™] cap and pipettes an aliquot of the diluted positive blood culture sample into the sample/PCR well in the bottom well plate of the cassette. Once inoculated, the cassette cap is closed, and all extraction, amplification and detection processes are completed in the cassette, a closed system. Extraction, amplification and detection sequences are defined by an assay script controlled by the iC-Processor[™].

The processing script is defined within a barcode label positioned on the top of each iC-Cassette™ which communicates with the iC-Processor™. To access and pierce the foil-sealed reagent wells located in the bottom well plate of the cassette, the processor manipulates the cassette to move the cassette pipette horizontally and vertically. The script directs the transfer of reagents between the wells in the bottom well plate and finally to the array within the cassette. The iC-Processor™ is capable of processing four (4) iC-Cassettes™ with random access.

Once processing is complete, the cassette is manually transferred from the iC-Processor™ to the iC-Reader™ where the microarray within the cassette is read. The iC-Reader™ is capable of reading up to four (4) iC-Cassettes™ at one time. The results are interpreted via the iC-Report™ software and displayed for the user on the iMac®. Raw data and result interpretations are stored within the iMac®; raw data is accessible to iCubate® service personnel only and not to the end user.

When finished with a loaded iC-GN Cassette™, it should be disposed as biohazardous waste.

Performance Data

For ease of reference, the following table defines iC-GN target organisms and common acronyms used in the study descriptions.

TABLE 1: iC-GN Assay Targets				
Target	Acronym			
Acinetobacter baumannii complex	ABX			
Enterobacter cloacae complex	ECX			
Escherichia coli	EC			
Klebsiella oxytoca	КО			
Klebsiella pneumoniae	KPN			
Proteus mirabilis	PM			
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	PA			
Serratia marcescens	SM			
KPC carbapenemase resistance marker	KPC			
NDM carbapenemase resistance marker	NDM			
CTX-M group 1 extended spectrum β-lactamase resistance marker	CTXM			

Reproducibility

To confirm the site-to-site, operator-to-operator, system-to-system, and lot-to-lot reproducibility of the iC-GN Assay, a representative panel of target organisms and one non-target organism were evaluated at two clinically relevant concentrations: initial bottle positivity and eight hours beyond initial bottle positivity. Organisms were grown to the appropriate concentrations in BD BACTEC Plus Aerobic blood culture bottles with human blood added on the BD BACTEC System. Testing was performed by two independent operators at each of three sites, two external and one internal. Each operator tested the eighteen-organism panel in triplicate across five, non-consecutive days. Testing was performed on six iC-GN Cassette lots and multiple iC-Systems. Performance is based on all expected targets detected and no false positive targets detected. Table 2 below summarizes Reproducibility results stratified by iC-GN target and concentration. Overall Reproducibility performance was 99.3%, confirming that iC-GN Assay performance is reproducible across sites, operators, systems and lots.

TABLE 2: iC-GN Assay Reproducibility Performance by Target						
Target/Concentration	Overall Performance	Overall Performance % [95% CI]	False Negatives	False Positives	PC Check Failures	System Failures
A. baumannii complex	90/90	100.0	0/90	0/90	0/90	0/90
Bottle Ring	90/90	[95.91-100.0]	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(0.00%)
A. baumannii complex	87/90	96.7	0/90	3/90	0/90	0/90
Bottle Ring + 8 hours	67/90	[90.65-98.86]	(0.00%)	(3.33%)	(0.00%)	(0.00%)
E. cloacae complex	86/88	97.7	1/88	1/88	2/90	0/90
Bottle Ring	00/00	[92.09-99.37]	(1.14%)	(1.14%)	(2.22%)	(0.00%)
E. cloacae complex	90/90	100.0	0/90	0/90	0/90	0/90
Bottle Ring + 8 hours	90/90	[95.91-100.0]	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(0.00%)
E. coli	90/90	100.0	0/90	0/90	0/90	0/90
Bottle Ring	90/90	[95.91-100.0]	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(0.00%)
E. coli	89/89	100.0	0/89	0/89	0/90	1/90
Bottle Ring + 8 hours	63/63	[95.86-100.0]	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(1.11%)
K. oxytoca	89/90	98.9	0/90	1/90	0/90	0/90
Bottle Ring	83/30	[93.97-99.80]	(0.00%)	(1.11%)	(0.00%)	(0.00%)
K. oxytoca	89/89	100.0	0/89	0/89	1/90	0/90
Bottle Ring + 8 hours	83/83	[95.86-100.0]	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(1.11%)	(0.00%)
K. pneumoniae	90/90	100.0	0/90	0/90	0/90	0/90
Bottle Ring	90/90	[95.91-100.0]	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(0.00%)
K. pneumoniae	89/89	100.0	0/89	0/89	1/90	0/90
Bottle Ring + 8 hours	09/09	[95.86-100.0]	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(1.11%)	(0.00%)
Proteus species	89/89	100.0	0/89	0/89	1/90	0/90
Bottle Ring	69/69	[95.86-100.0]	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(1.11%)	(0.00%)
Proteus species	88/88	100.0	0/88	0/88	0/90	2/90
Bottle Ring + 8 hours	00/00	[95.92-100.0]	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(0.00%)	(2.22%)

TABLE 2: iC-GN Assay Ro	TABLE 2: iC-GN Assay Reproducibility Performance by Target						
Target/Concentration	Overall Performance	Overall Performance % [95% CI]	False Negatives	False Positives	PC Check Failures	System Failures	
P. aeruginosaBottle Ring	88/89	98.9 [93.91-99.80]	1/89 (1.12%)	0/89 (0.00%)	1/90 (1.11%)	0/90 (0.00%)	
P. aeruginosaBottle Ring + 8 hours	89/90	98.9 [93.97-99.80]	1/90 (1.11%)	0/90 (0.00%)	0/90 (0.00%)	0/90 (0.00%)	
S. marcescens Bottle Ring	87/89	97.8 [92.17-99.38]	0/89 (0.00%)	2/89 (2.25%)	1/90 (1.11%)	0/90 (0.00%)	
S. marcescens Bottle Ring + 8 hours	87/89	97.8 [92.17-99.38]	0/89 (0.00%)	2/89 (2.25%)	1/90 (1.11%)	0/90 (0.00%)	
CTX-M group 1 Bottle Ring	90/90	100.0 [95.91-100.0]	0/90 (0.00%)	0/90 (0.00%)	0/90 (0.00%)	0/90 (0.00%)	
CTX-M group 1 Bottle Ring + 8 hours	89/89	100.0 [95.86-100.0]	0/89 (0.00%)	0/89 (0.00%)	0/90 (0.00%)	1/90 (1.11%)	
KPC Bottle Ring	90/90	100.0 [95.91-100.0]	0/90 (0.00%)	0/90 (0.00%)	0/90 (0.00%)	0/90 (0.00%)	
KPC Bottle Ring + 8 hours	89/89	100.0 [95.86-100.0]	0/89 (0.00%)	0/89 (0.00%)	1/90 (1.11%)	0/90 (0.00%)	
NDM Bottle Ring	89/89	100.0 [95.86-100.0]	0/89 (0.00%)	0/89 (0.00%)	1/90 (1.11%)	0/90 (0.00%)	
NDM Bottle Ring + 8 hours	89/90	98.9 [93.97-99.80]	1/90 (1.11%)	0/90 (0.00%)	0/90 (0.00%)	0/90 (0.00%)	

Limit of Detection (LoD)

A study was performed to determine the limit of detection for each iC-GN Assay target, defined as the lowest concentration (CFU/mL) of analyte that can be detected approximately 95% of the time. For the eleven targets detected by the iC-GN Assay, a panel of twenty-seven representative strains were evaluated, a minimum of three per target. For complex and genus level targets, at least two representative species were evaluated. LoD testing was conducted in two phases, the first to narrow the range for LoD analysis. In phase II, the approximated 95% performance point determined in phase I was confirmed by testing a minimum of twenty replicates on each of three unique cassette lots. Plating and subsequent colony counts were used to determine organism concentrations. The final limit of detection for each target, provided in Table 3 below, was defined as the concentration that produced a positive result ≥ 95% but < 100% of the time.

TABLE 3: iC-GN Assay LoD Results						
Target	Strain	Concentration (CFU/mL)	Defined Target LoD (CFU/mL)			
	307-0294	5.3 × 10 ⁵				
A. baumannii complex	nannii complex CDC-83		$5.3 \times 10^5 - 5.2 \times 10^6$			
	ATCC 23055	9.0×10^{5}				

TABLE 3: iC-GN Assay LoD Results					
Target	Strain	Concentration (CFU/mL)	Defined Target LoD (CFU/mL)		
	Z101	5.0×10^6			
E. cloacae complex	CDC-164	5.5 × 10 ⁶	$4.9 \times 10^5 - 5.5 \times 10^6$		
	ATCC 700323	4.9×10^{5}			
	ATCC 43895	7.7×10^5			
E. coli	ATCC BAA-2326	7.9 × 10 ⁵	$7.7 \times 10^5 - 8.4 \times 10^5$		
	CDC-55	8.4×10^{5}			
	Z115	6.2 × 10 ⁵			
K. oxytoca	ATCC 13182	5.4 × 10 ⁵	$5.4 \times 10^5 - 1.1 \times 10^6$		
	CDC-147	1.1×10^{6}			
	ATCC 35657	1.9×10^{6}			
	CDC-40	3.6×10^{6}			
K. pneumoniae	CDC-42	1.9 × 10 ⁶	$6.0 \times 10^5 - 4.2 \times 10^6$		
	KPC-2	4.2×10^{6}			
	LACNY 11	6.0×10^{5}			
	Z050	1.1 × 10 ⁶			
Proteus species	CDC-59	9.9 × 10⁵	60405406		
Proteus species	Z028	7.6 × 10 ⁵	$6.9 \times 10^5 - 1.1 \times 10^6$		
	Z129	6.9×10^{5}			
	Z139	1.2×10^{6}			
P. aeruginosa	CDC-231	5.0×10^{5}	$5.0 \times 10^5 - 1.2 \times 10^6$		
	CDC-250	6.9 × 10 ⁵			
	ATCC 43297	7.2×10^5			
S. marcescens	ATCC 21212	8.1 × 10 ⁵	$6.4 \times 10^5 - 8.1 \times 10^5$		
	CDC-91	6.4×10^5			
	ATCC BAA-2326 (CTX-M-15)	7.9 × 10 ⁵			
CTX-M group 1	CDC-40 (CTX-M-15)	2.3×10^{6}	$7.9 \times 10^5 - 2.3 \times 10^6$		
	CDC-42 (CTX-M-15)	1.9×10^{6}			
	CDC-147 (KPC-3)	2.3 × 10 ⁶			
КРС	KPC-2	4.2×10^{6}	$1.5 \times 10^5 - 4.2 \times 10^6$		
	CDC-231 (KPC-5)	1.5 × 10 ⁵			
	CDC-83 (NDM-1)	5.2×10^6			
NDM	CDC-55 (NDM-1)	4.0×10^{6}	$3.3 \times 10^5 - 5.2 \times 10^6$		
	CDC-250 (NDM-1)	3.3×10^{5}			

Bottle Ring

A study was performed to establish the levels of each iC-GN target organism at two clinically relevant concentrations: initial bottle positivity (bottle "ring") and eight hours beyond initial positivity. Twenty-seven representative organisms were evaluated, a minimum of three per iC-GN target. Organisms were grown in BD BACTEC Plus Aerobic blood culture bottles with human blood added on the BD BACTEC System. Within two hours of initial bottle positivity, the bottles were removed for plating and subsequent colony counts to determine organism concentrations. The bottles were then returned to the incubator and approximately eight hours after initial bottle positivity, the bottles were again removed for plating and subsequent colony counts to determine organism concentrations. Three bottles were grown for each

strain, and the average concentrations at initial bottle positivity and eight hours beyond initial bottle positivity are provided in Table 4 below. The concentrations at initial bottle positivity, representative of the lowest levels that may be observed in a clinical setting, are above the limits of detection determined for each strain.

TABLE 4: iC-GN Target Organism Concentrations at Bottle "Ring"						
		Initial Bottle Positivity	Bottle Positivity + 8			
Organism	Strain ID	Average Concentration	Average Concentration			
		(CFU/mL)	(CFU/mL)			
Acinetobacter baumannii	307-0294	4.24 × 10 ⁸	8.27 × 10 ⁸			
Acinetobacter baumannii	CDC-83	3.39 × 10 ⁸	7.23 × 10 ⁸			
Acinetobacter	ATCC 23055	6.78×10^{7}	2.93 × 10 ⁸			
calcoaceticus	A100 23033	0.78 × 10				
Enterobacter cloacae	Z101	2.17 × 10 ⁸	1.97 × 10 ⁹			
Enterobacter cloacae	CDC-164	5.62 × 10 ⁸	2.31 × 10 ⁹			
Enterobacter hormaechei	ATCC 700323	4.36 × 10 ⁸	2.75 × 10 ⁹			
Escherichia coli	ATCC 43895	1.50 × 10 ⁸	9.48 × 10 ⁸			
Escherichia coli	ATCC BAA-2326	6.23 × 10 ⁸	1.52 × 10 ⁹			
Escherichia coli	CDC-55	4.93 × 10 ⁸	1.51 × 10 ⁹			
Klebsiella oxytoca	Z115	5.32 × 10 ⁸	2.07 × 10 ⁹			
Klebsiella oxytoca	ATCC 13182	4.16 × 10 ⁸	4.52 × 10 ⁹			
Klebsiella oxytoca	CDC-147	9.67 × 10 ⁸	1.31 × 10 ⁹			
Klebsiella pneumoniae	ATCC 35657	9.78 × 10 ⁸	1.08 × 10 ⁹			
Klebsiella pneumoniae	CDC-40	2.16 × 10 ⁸	1.36 × 10 ⁹			
Klebsiella pneumoniae	CDC-42	2.55 × 10 ⁸	1.10 × 10 ⁹			
Klebsiella pneumoniae	KPC-2	7.70 × 10 ⁸	1.66 × 10 ⁹			
Klebsiella pneumoniae	LACNY 11	5.43×10^7	1.67 × 10 ⁹			
Proteus mirabilis	Z050	1.71 × 10 ⁸	7.40 × 10 ⁸			
Proteus mirabilis	CDC-59	7.37×10^7	8.10 × 10 ⁸			
Proteus penneri	Z028	8.88×10^{7}	4.33 × 10 ⁸			
Proteus vulgaris	Z129	4.37×10^7	5.00 × 10 ⁸			
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	Z139	9.18×10^{7}	1.37×10^{10}			
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	CDC-231	3.26 × 10 ⁸	7.98 × 10 ⁸			
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	CDC-250	1.64 × 10 ⁸	8.97 × 10 ⁸			
Serratia marcescens	ATCC 43297	8.55 × 10 ⁸	2.03 × 10 ⁹			
Serratia marcescens	ATCC 21212	1.07 × 10 ⁸	8.83 × 10 ⁸			
Serratia marcescens	CDC-91	7.28 × 10 ⁸	1.67 × 10 ⁹			

Blood Culture Bottle Equivalency

Commonly used blood culture bottle (BCB) media types were evaluated to demonstrate that variability in BCB media composition does not interfere with iC-GN Assay performance. Twenty-seven (27) representative iC-GN target organisms plus one non-target organism were tested in thirteen (13) BCB media types. Target organisms were tested near LoD

concentrations (2-3×LoD). Each strain was tested in triplicate in each BCB media type. Target performance is based on all expected targets detected and no false positive targets detected. Non-target performance is based on all expected negative results. In the event of a false negative result, the strain was retested in replicates of ten. In the event of a false positive result or other failure, the strain was retested in triplicate. The results of iC-GN BCB equivalency testing are summarized in Table 5 below. Performance in all bottle types met the acceptance criteria of \geq 95% performance; all bottle types are validated for use with the iC-GN Assay.

TABLE 5: iC-GN Assay BCB Equivalency Results					
BCB Media Type	Overall Performance (%)	False Negatives (%)	False Positives (%)	PC Check Failures (%)	System Failures (%)
BACTEC Standard Aerobic	93/94	1/94	0/94	3/97	0/97
	(98.9%)	(1.1%)	(0.0%)	(3.1%)	(0.0%)
BACTEC Standard Anaerobic	85/86	0/86	1/86	0/87	1/87
	(98.8%)	(0.0%)	(1.2%)	(0.0%)	(1.1%)
BACTEC Plus Aerobic	93/94	1/94	0/94	2/97	1/97
BACTEC FIGS ACTORIC	(98.9%)	(1.1%)	(0.0%)	(2.1%)	(1.1%)
BACTEC Plus Anaerobic	95/96	1/96	0/96	2/100	2/100
BACTEC Flus Allaerobic	(98.6%)	(1.0%)	(0.0%)	(2.0%)	(2.0%)
BACTEC Lutis /10 Angerobis	81/81	0/81	0/81	0/81	0/81
BACTEC Lytic/10 Anaerobic	(100.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
DACT/ALEDT CA Standard Asnabis	97/99	1/99	1/99	4/103	0/103
BACT/ALERT SA Standard Aerobic	(98.0%)	(1.0%)	(1.0%)	(3.9%)	(0.0%)
BACT/ALERT SN Standard	87/88	0/88	1/88	2/90	0/90
Anaerobic	(98.9%)	(0.0%)	(1.1%)	(2.2%)	(0.0%)
DACT/ALEDT SA A COLLEGE	94/96	0/96	2/96	1/97	0/97
BACT/ALERT FA Aerobic FAN	(97.9%)	(0.0%)	(2.1%)	(1.0%)	(0.0%)
DACT/ALEDT EN A	92/94	0/94	2/94	2/97	1/97
BACT/ALERT FN Anaerobic FAN	(97.9%)	(0.0%)	(2.1%)	(2.1%)	(1.0%)
	94/95	1/95	0/95	1/97	1/97
BACT/ALERT FA Plus Aerobic	(98.9%)	(1.1%)	(0.0%)	(1.1%)	(1.1%)
	87/87	0/87	0/87	2/90	1/90
BACT/ALERT FN Plus Anaerobic	(100.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	(2.2%)	(1.1%)
	81/81	0/81	0/81	0/81	0/81
VersaTREK REDOX 1	(100.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
VarraTDEK DEDOY 4	92/93	1/93	0/93	1/94	0/94
VersaTREK REDOX 1	(98.9%)	(1.1%)	(0.0%)	(1.1%)	(0.0%)

An increased rate of false positive *Proteus* results was observed in some lots of BD BACTEC blood culture bottles. The high rate of false positive results observed prompted an

investigation by the manufacturer, BD Life Sciences. The false positives are due to the presence of nucleic acids or non-viable organisms present in the culture media at concentrations near or above the target's limit of detection. While the observed contamination was resolved at the time of publication, positive *Proteus* results observed in BD BACTEC media types should be confirmed using alternative methods.

Inclusivity

To demonstrate the inclusivity of the iC-GN Assay, eighty-two (82) representative strains were evaluated, a minimum of ten strains for each target analyte. Strains were tested at the lowest level of bottle positivity, considered within two hours of bottle "ring." Organisms were grown in BD BACTEC Plus Aerobic blood culture bottles with human blood added on the BD BACTEC System. Each strain was tested in triplicate. Performance is based on all expected targets detected and no false positive targets detected. In the event of a false negative result, the strain was retested in replicates of ten. In the event of a false positive result or other failure, the strain was retested in triplicate. The results of iC-GN Inclusivity testing are summarized in Table 6 below. Two strains were not detected by the iC-GN Assay: *Acinetobacter calcoaceticus* ATCC 31926 was not detected as *A. baumannii* complex and *Enterobacter kobei* ATCC BAA-260 was not detected as *E. cloacae* complex. An *in silico* analysis was also performed, and the predicted reactivity of each resistance marker detected by the iC-GN Assay is summarized in Tables 7-9 below.

TABLE 6: iC-GN Assay Inclusivity Results						
Organism	Strain	Targets	Performance			
Acinetobacter baumannii	ATCC 19606	ABX	5/5			
Acinetobacter baumannii	NCIMB 12457	ABX	3/3			
Acinetobacter baumannii	CDC-36	ABX	3/3			
Acinetobacter baumannii	CDC-37	ABX, NDM-1	3/3			
Acinetobacter baumannii	CDC-45	ABX	3/3			
Acinetobacter baumannii	CDC-52	ABX	3/3			
Acinetobacter baumannii	CDC-56	ABX	3/3			
Acinetobacter baumannii	CDC-88	ABX, NDM-1	3/3			
Acinetobacter baumannii	CDC-101	ABX	3/3			
Acinetobacter calcoaceticus	ATCC 14987	ABX	3/3			
Acinetobacter calcoaceticus	ATCC 31926	ABX	2/11 ¹			
Enterobacter cloacae	ATCC BAA-1143	ECX	3/3			
Enterobacter cloacae	ATCC BAA-2341	ECX, KPC	3/3			
Enterobacter cloacae	NCTC 10005	ECX	14/16 ²			
Enterobacter cloacae	NCTC 13464	ECX	3/3			
Enterobacter cloacae	CDC-32	ECX, KPC-3	3/3			
Enterobacter cloacae	CDC-38	ECX, CTX-M-15, NDM-1	3/3			
Enterobacter cloacae	CDC-65	ECX	3/3			
Enterobacter cloacae	CDC-163	ECX, CTX-M-15, KPC-2	3/3			
Enterobacter asburiae	ATCC 35923	ECX	3/3			
Enterobacter hormaechei	ATCC 49162	ECX	3/3			

TABLE 6: iC-GN Assay Inclusivity Results					
Organism	Strain	Targets	Performance		
Enterobacter kobei	ATCC BAA-260	ECX	0/133		
Escherichia coli	ATCC 10536	EC	3/3		
Escherichia coli	ATCC BAA-2469	EC, NDM-1	3/3		
Escherichia coli	NCTC 9001	EC	3/3		
Escherichia coli	NCTC 10538	EC	5/5		
Escherichia coli	NCTC 13476	EC	3/3		
Escherichia coli	CDC-48	EC, CTX-M-15, NDM-1	3/3		
Escherichia coli	CDC-61	EC, KPC-3	3/3		
Escherichia coli	CDC-104	EC, KPC-4	7/84		
Escherichia coli	CDC-119	EC, CTX-M-15, NDM-1	3/3		
Escherichia coli	CDC-162	EC, CTX-M-15, NDM-7	3/3		
Klebsiella oxytoca	ATCC 8724	КО	3/3		
Klebsiella oxytoca	ATCC 43086	КО	3/3		
Klebsiella oxytoca	ATCC 43165	КО	3/3		
Klebsiella oxytoca	ATCC 43863	КО	3/3		
Klebsiella oxytoca	ATCC 49134	КО	3/3		
Klebsiella oxytoca	ATCC 49334	КО	3/3		
Klebsiella oxytoca	ATCC 51817	КО	3/3		
Klebsiella oxytoca	ATCC 700324	КО	3/3		
Klebsiella oxytoca	NCTC 11686	КО	3/3		
Klebsiella oxytoca	CDC-71	КО	3/3		
Klebsiella pneumoniae	ATCC-13882	KPN	3/3		
Klebsiella pneumoniae	ATCC BAA-1705	KPN, KPC-2	3/3		
Klebsiella pneumoniae	NCTC 9633	KPN	3/3		
Klebsiella pneumoniae	NCTC 13438	KPN, KPC-3	3/3		
Klebsiella pneumoniae	NCTC 13443	KPN, CTX-M-15, NDM-1	3/3		
Klebsiella pneumoniae	CDC-44	KPN, CTX-M-15	3/3		
Klebsiella pneumoniae	CDC-46	KPN, CTX-M-15	5/5		
Klebsiella pneumoniae	CDC-49	KPN, CTX-M-15, NDM-1	3/3		
Klebsiella pneumoniae	CDC-66	KPN, CTX-M-15	3/3		
Klebsiella pneumoniae subsp.	ATCC 11296	KPN	3/3		
Proteus mirabilis	ATCC 7002	Proteus	3/3		
Proteus mirabilis	ATCC 21100	Proteus	3/3		
Proteus mirabilis	ATCC 43071	Proteus	3/3		
Proteus mirabilis	NCIMB 13283	Proteus	3/3		
Proteus mirabilis	CDC-155	Proteus, KPC-6	3/3		
Proteus mirabilis	CDC-156	Proteus, KPC-2	3/3		
Proteus mirabilis	CDC-159	Proteus, NDM-1	3/3		
Proteus penneri	ATCC 33519	Proteus	3/3		
Proteus vulgaris	ATCC 9484	Proteus	3/3		
Proteus vulgaris	ATCC 29905	Proteus	3/3		
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	ATCC 10145	PA	3/3		
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	ATCC 19429	PA	3/3		

TABLE 6: iC-GN Assay Inclusivity Results							
Organism	Strain	Targets	Performance				
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	ATCC BAA-1744	PA	3/3				
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	CDC-54	PA	3/3				
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	CDC-64	PA	3/3				
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	CDC-90	PA, KPC-5	3/3				
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	CDC-94	PA	3/3				
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	CDC-105	PA	3/3				
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	CDC-108	PA	3/3				
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	CDC-246	PA, NDM-1	5/5				
Serratia marcescens	ATCC 8100	SM	3/3				
Serratia marcescens	ATCC 13880	SM	3/3				
Serratia marcescens	ATCC 14041	SM	3/3				
Serratia marcescens	ATCC 14756	SM	3/3				
Serratia marcescens	ATCC 29634	SM	3/3				
Serratia marcescens	ATCC 29635	SM	3/3				
Serratia marcescens	ATCC 43861	SM	3/3				
Serratia marcescens	ATCC 43862	SM	3/3				
Serratia marcescens	NCTC 9743	SM	3/3				
Serratia marcescens	CDC-99	SM	3/3				

- 1) 2/2 false negative ABX in initial testing. 7/9 false negative ABX in repeat testing. See limitation.
- 2) 1/3 false positive ABX in initial testing. 1/3 false positive ABX in repeat testing. Strain repeated in replicates of 10, 10/10 repeats passed.
- 3) 3/3 false negative ECX in initial testing. 10/10 false negative ECX in repeat testing. See limitation.
- 4) 1/3 processor error in initial testing. 1/3 false positive KPN in repeat testing. Strain repeated in triplicate, 3/3 repeats passed.

TABLE 7: Predicted (in silico) Reactivity for CTX-M group 1							
Associated Target Organism	Variant Detected	Associated Target Organism	Variant Detected				
Acinetobacter baumannii	CTX-M-3		CTX-M-3				
complex	CTX-M-15		CTX-M-15				
	CTX-M-1	Klebsiella oxytoca	CTX-M-35				
	CTX-M-3		CTX-M-36				
	CTX-M-15		CTX-M-162				
	CTX-M-22		CTX-M-1				
Enterobacter cloacae	CTX-M-37		CTX-M-3				
complex	CTX-M-55		CTX-M-15				
	CTX-M-167		CTX-M-22				
	CTX-M-177		CTX-M-28				
	CTX-M-187		CTX-M-32				
	CTX-M-224	Klahsialla nnaumaniaa	CTX-M-54				
	CTX-M-1	Klebsiella pneumoniae	CTX-M-55				
	CTX-M-2		CTX-M-71				
	CTX-M-3		CTX-M-72				
Escherichia coli	CTX-M-4		CTX-M-118				
	CTX-M-5		CTX-M-124				
	CTX-M-6		CTX-M-129				
	CTX-M-7		CTX-M-130				

TABLE 7: Predicted (in silico) Reactivity for CTX	-M group 1	
Associated Target Organism	Variant Detected	Associated Target Organism	Variant Detected
	CTX-M-8		CTX-M-133
	CTX-M-9		CTX-M-135
	CTX-M-10		CTX-M-138
	CTX-M-11		CTX-M-139
	CTX-M-12		CTX-M-173
	CTX-M-15		CTX-M-176
	CTX-M-28		CTX-M-183
	CTX-M-29		CTX-M-188
	CTX-M-32		CTX-M-197
	CTX-M-33		CTX-M-204
	CTX-M-36		CTX-M-208
	CTX-M-42		CTX-M-210
	CTX-M-55		CTX-M-220
	CTX-M-58		CTX-M-15
	CTX-M-69		CTX-M-66
	CTX-M-71		CTX-M-116
	CTX-M-79	Proteus species	CTX-M-136
	CTX-M-82		CTX-M-164
	CTX-M-90		CTX-M-167
	CTX-M-101		CTX-M-212
	CTX-M-102		CTX-M-1
	CTX-M-103	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	CTX-M-15
	CTX-M-109		CTX-M-32
	CTX-M-117		CTX-M-3
	CTX-M-120		CTX-M-15
	CTX-M-125	Serratia marcescens	CTX-M-22
	CTX-M-127		CTX-M-55
	CTX-M-128		CTX-M-221
	CTX-M-131		
	CTX-M-132		
	CTX-M-134		
	CTX-M-137		
	CTX-M-138		
	CTX-M-139		
	CTX-M-140		
	CTX-M-141		
	CTX-M-142		
	CTX-M-143		
	CTX-M-146		
	CTX-M-158		
	CTX-M-163		
	CTX-M-166		
	CTX-M-167		
	CTX-M-170		
	CTX-M-172		
	CTX-M-175		
	CTX-M-178		
	CTX-M-179		
	CTV M 191		
	CTX-M-181		
	CTX-M-182		
	CTX-M-184		

TABLE 7: Predicted (in silico	TABLE 7: Predicted (in silico) Reactivity for CTX-M group 1							
Associated Target Organism	Variant Detected	Associated Target Organism	Variant Detected					
	CTX-M-186							
	CTX-M-188							
	CTX-M-189							
	CTX-M-193							
	CTX-M-194							
	CTX-M-202							
	CTX-M-203							
	CTX-M-207							
	CTX-M-211							
	CTX-M-216							
	CTX-M-218							
	CTX-M-222							
	CTX-M-226							

Associated Target Organism	Variant Detected	Associated Target Organism	Variant Detected
Asinatahastar haumannii	KPC-2		KPC-1
Acinetobacter baumannii complex	KPC-3		KPC-2
complex	KPC-10		KPC-3
	KPC-1		KPC-4
	KPC-2		KPC-5
Established a state of	KPC-3		KPC-6
Enterobacter cloacae	KPC-4		KPC-7
complex	KPC-13		KPC-8
	KPC-18		KPC-11
	KPC-47		KPC-14
	KPC-2		KPC-15
	KPC-3		KPC-16
Escherichia coli	KPC-12		KPC-17
	KPC-18		KPC-19
	KPC-20		KPC-22
	KPC-21		KPC-23
	KPC-28	Klebsiella pneumoniae	KPC-25
	KPC-2	•	KPC-26
Klebsiella oxytoca	KPC-3		KPC-27
	KPC-1		KPC-29
Proteus species	KPC-2		KPC-30
	KPC-2		KPC-31
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	KPC-5		KPC-32
Serratia marcescens	KPC-2		KPC-33
	15		KPC-34
			KPC-35
			KPC-36
			KPC-37
			KPC-38
			KPC-39
			KPC-42
			KPC-43

Associated Target Organism	Variant Detected	Associated Target Organism	Variant Detected
	NDM-1		NDM-1
	NDM-2	Klebsiella oxytoca	NDM-3
Acinetobacter baumannii	NDM-3		NDM-4
complex	NDM-4		NDM-1
complex	NDM-5		NDM-3
	NDM-7		NDM-4
	NDM-14		NDM-5
	NDM-1		NDM-6
Fintara baratan alamana	NDM-4	Klebsiella pneumoniae	NDM-7
Enterobacter cloacae	NDM-5		NDM-9
complex	NDM-7		NDM-10
	NDM-22		NDM-16
	NDM-1		NDM-23
	NDM-2		NDM-28
	NDM-3	Proteus species	NDM-1
	NDM-4	Decude mener a comunicaca	NDM-1
	NDM-5	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	NDM-5
	NDM-6		NDM-1
	NDM-7	Serratia marcescens	NDM-4
	NDM-9		NDM-12
	NDM-11		
Escherichia coli	NDM-12		
	NDM-13		
	NDM-15		
	NDM-16		
	NDM-17		
	NDM-18		
	NDM-19		
	NDM-20		
	NDM-21		
	NDM-27		

Exclusivity

To demonstrate the exclusivity of the iC-GN Assay, a comprehensive panel of non-target organisms that may be encountered in positive blood cultures was evaluated. A total of 114 strains were tested including organisms phylogenetically related to iC-GN target organisms as well as common blood culture contaminants. Potential cross-reactivity was evaluated by testing exclusivity panel organisms at the highest possible concentrations, considered eight hours beyond initial bottle positivity or the equivalent. Organisms were grown in BD BACTEC Plus Aerobic blood culture bottles with human blood added on the BD BACTEC System. Each strain was tested in triplicate. Performance is based on the observation of all expected negative results. In the event of a false positive result or other failure, the organism was retested in replicates of three (3) or ten (10). Exclusivity results are presented in Table 10 below. Three (3) strains demonstrated reproducible cross-reactivity with iC-GN Assay targets: Acinetobacter haemolyticus cross-reacted with Acinetobacter baumannii complex, Klebsiella

variicola cross-reacted with Klebsiella pneumoniae, and Serratia odorifera cross-reacted with Serratia marcescens.

TABLE 10: iC-GN Assay Exclusivity Results						
Organism	Strain	Concentration (CFU/mL)	Performance			
Acinetobacter haemolyticus	ATCC 19002	7.20×10^{8}	0/3 ¹			
Acinetobacter lwoffi	Z141	2.45×10^{8}	3/3			
Acinetobacter radioresistens	ATCC 43998	5.20×10^{7}	3/3			
Acinetobacter schindleri	ATCC BAA618	3.50×10^{8}	3/3			
Acinetobacter ursingii	ATCC BAA617	3.80×10^{8}	3/3			
Aerococcus viridans	Z219	2.24×10^{7}	3/3			
Aeromonas hydrophila	Z161	8.10×10^{8}	3/3			
Alcaligenes faecalis	Z218	9.70×10^{8}	3/3			
Aspergillus niger	Z105	1.62 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Bacillus cereus	Z091	ND	3/3			
Bacteroides fragilis	Z029	8.40 × 10 ⁹	3/3			
Brevundimonas vesicularis	ATCC 11426	3.80×10^{8}	5/5			
Burkholderia cepacia	ATCC 25416	5.40 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Campylobacter coli	Z293	3.90 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Campylobacter jejuni	Z086	4.60 × 10 ⁸	11/13 ²			
Candida albicans	Z006	ND	3/3			
Candida glabrata	Z007	3.20×10^{7}	3/3			
Candida krusei	Z009	1.90×10^{7}	3/3			
Candida parapsilosis	Z011	9.00 × 10 ⁶	3/3			
Candida tropicalis	Z012	3.50×10^7	4/4			
Cedecea davisae	ATCC 33431	6.20 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Citrobacter amalonaticus	Z051	8.4 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Citrobacter braakii	ATCC 51113	4.90 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Citrobacter freundii	Z064	2.25 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Citrobacter koseri	Z039	1.14 × 10 ⁹	3/3			
Citrobacter sedlakii	ATCC 51115	9.80 × 10 ⁸	2/2			
Clostridium difficile (NAP-1 toxigenic)	NAP1	4.87×10^{7}	4/4			
Clostridium difficile (non-toxigenic)	Z228	5.93 × 10 ⁷	3/3			
Clostridium novyi*	Z179	1.14×10^{7}	5/5			
Corynebacterium amycolatum	Z284	9.26 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Corynebacterium genitalium	Z328	1.35 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Corynebacterium jeikeium	Z232	8.50 × 10 ⁸	4/4			
Corynebacterium striatum	MCW000	2.07 × 10 ⁹	5/6 ³			
Cronobacter muytjensii	ATCC 51329	2.79 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Cronobacter sakazakii	ATCC 29544	6.90 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Cryptococcus neoformans	Serotype A	2.15 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Edwardsiella tarda	Z183	8.70×10^{7}	4/54			
Enterobacter aerogenes	Z052	1.77 × 10 ⁹	5/5			
Enterobacter amnigenus	ATCC 51816	7.50 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Enterococcus avium	Z171	2.58 × 10 ⁸	5/6 ⁵			

TABLE 10: iC-GN Assay Exclusivity Results						
Organism	Strain	Concentration (CFU/mL)	Performance			
Enterococcus casseliflavus	Z002	2.44×10^9	4/4			
Enterococcus cecorum	Z208	1.03×10^9	5/6 ⁶			
Enterococcus faecalis	ATCC 51299	2.13×10^9	3/3			
Enterococcus faecium	ATCC 700221	7.20×10^{8}	3/3			
Enterococcus gallinarum	Z209	1.35×10^9	3/3			
Enterococcus hirae	Z193	2.37×10^{8}	3/3			
Enterococcus raffinosus	ATCC 49427	5.40 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Escherichia fergusonii	ATCC 35469	8.70 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Escherichia hermannii	Z184	1.01×10^9	5/5			
Escherichia vulneris	ATCC 33821	7.50×10^{8}	3/3			
Fusobacterium varium	Z361	2.49×10^9	3/3			
Hafnia alvei	ATCC 51815	1.37×10^9	3/3			
Haemophilus influenzae	ATCC 10211	3.09×10^9	3/3			
Haemophilus parainfluenzae	ATCC 9796	1.33×10^{8}	3/3			
Klebsiella variicola	ATCC 31488	4.40×10^{8}	0/3 ⁷			
Kluyvera ascorbata (KPC+)	CDC-0144	1.40×10^9	3/3			
Kocuria kristinae	Z250	7.20×10^7	3/3			
Kytococcus schroeteri	ATCC BAA2410	1.50 × 10 ⁷	3/3			
Lactobacillus acidophilus	Z048	6.00×10^{8}	3/3			
Lactobacillus plantarum	17-5	5.30 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Lactobacillus reuteri	Z333	5.80×10^{7}	5/5			
Lactococcus lactis	Z169	9.30×10^{7}	3/3			
Leclercia adecarboxylata	ATCC 23216	1.01×10^9	3/3			
Leminorella grimontii	Z364	4.00×10^9	3/3			
Leuconostoc mesenteroides	Z197	4.00×10^7	5/5			
Listeria monocytogenes	ATCC 19115	2.03×10^9	3/3			
Micrococcus luteus	Z100	1.80×10^{8}	3/3			
Moraxella catarrhalis	ATCC 25238	1.27×10^9	3/3			
Morganella morganii	ATCC 25830	1.23×10^9	3/3			
Neisseria gonorrhoeae	ATCC 19424	ND	3/3			
Neisseria lactamica	ATCC 23970	2.90 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Neisseria meningitidis	Serotype A	2.55 × 10 ⁸	5/5			
Neisseria mucosa	ATCC 49233	5.80×10^{8}	4/4			
Neisseria sicca	ATCC 9913	1.43×10^{8}	3/3			
Pantaea agglomerans	ATCC 27155	2.00×10^{6}	3/3			
Pasturella multocida	ATCC 12945	2.84 × 10 ⁹	2/2			
Pediococcus pentosaceus	Z226	1.91 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Planococcus citreus	ATCC 14404	1.95 × 10 ⁸	3/3			
Pluralibacter gergoviae	ATCC 33028	1.27 × 10 ⁹	3/3			
Propionibacterium acnes	Z144	7.90×10^{8}	5/5			
Providencia alcalifaciens	Z292	3.10 × 10 ⁹	3/3			
Providencia rettgeri	Z370	2.20×10^9	3/3			
Providencia stuartii	Z213	1.70×10^9	3/3			

TABLE 10: iC-GN Assay Exclusivity Re	TABLE 10: iC-GN Assay Exclusivity Results						
Organism	Strain	Concentration (CFU/mL)	Performance				
Pseudomonas fluorescens	ATCC 13525	2.43 × 10 ⁸	3/3				
Pseudomonas luteola	ATCC 43273	1.09 × 10 ⁸	3/3				
Pseudomonas mendocina	ATCC 25411	1.23×10^9	3/3				
Pseudomonas nitroreducens	ATCC 33634	5.30×10^{8}	3/3				
Pseudomonas oryzihabitans	ATCC 43272	1.70×10^{7}	4/5 ⁸				
Pseudomonas putida	Z030	3.30×10^{8}	3/3				
Pseudomonas stutzeri	ATCC 17588	6.20×10^{8}	3/3				
Raoultella planitcola	ATCC 33558	1.25×10^9	3/3				
Rothia mucilaginosus	Z033	5.50×10^7	3/3				
Salmonella enterica	ATCC BAA1715	2.23 × 10 ⁹	3/3				
Serratia fonticola	ATCC 29844	1.18 × 10 ⁹	3/3				
Serratia liquefaciens	ATCC 27592	1.24 × 10 ⁹	11/12 ⁹				
Serratia odorifera	ATCC 33077	2.19×10^9	11/13 ¹⁰				
Serratia rubidaea	ATCC 19278	1.54×10^{8}	5/5				
Staphylococcus aureus	ATCC 700699	4.30×10^{7}	3/3				
Staphylococcus capitis	Z192	2.13×10^{8}	3/3				
Staphylococcus epidermidis	ATCC 700566	5.90×10^{7}	3/3				
Staphylococcus haemolyticus	Z067	2.70×10^{7}	5/5				
Staphylococcus hominis	Z031	9.90×10^{7}	3/3				
Staphylococcus intermedius	Z112	3.30×10^{7}	3/3				
Staphylococcus lugdunensis	Z097	2.43×10^{8}	3/3				
Staphylococcus schleiferi	Z294	2.52×10^9	3/3				
Stenotrophomonas maltophilia	ATCC BAA84	1.74×10^9	5/5				
Streptococcus agalactiae	Z019	5.80×10^{8}	3/3				
Streptococcus anginosus	Z179	9.50×10^{8}	3/3				
Streptococcus bovis	Z167	8.00×10^{8}	3/3				
Streptococcus dysgalactiae	Z068	2.65 × 10 ⁸	3/3				
Streptococcus intermedius	Z126	1.40×10^{7}	5/6 ¹¹				
Streptococcus pneumoniae	ATCC 6301	3.80×10^{8}	5/6 ¹²				
Streptococcus pyogenes	Z018	4.80×10^{7}	3/3				
Veillonella parvula	Z379	6.70×10^9	5/6 ¹³				

- 1) 3/3 false positive *A. baumannii* complex in initial testing. See limitation.
- 2) 2/3 false positive *E. coli* in initial testing. 10/10 repeats negative.
- 3) 1/3 false positive *S. marcescens* in initial testing. 3/3 repeats negative.
- 4) 1/3 positive control check failure in initial testing. 1/3 false positive *S. marcescens* in repeat testing.
- 5) 1/3 false positive *S. marcescens* in initial testing. 3/3 repeats negative.
- 6) 1/3 false positive *E. coli* in initial testing. 3/3 repeats negative.
- 7) 3/3 false positive *K. pneumoniae* in initial testing. See limitation.
- 8) 1/3 false positive *S. marcescens* in initial testing. 2/2 repeats negative.
- 9) 1/3 false positive *S. marcescens* in initial testing. 9/9 repeats negative.
- 10) 1/3 false positive *S. marcescens* in initial testing. 1/10 false positive *S. marcescens* in repeat testing. See limitation.
- 11) 1/3 false positive *S. marcescens* in initial testing. 3/3 repeats negative.

- 12) 1/3 false positive *S. marcescens* in initial testing. 3/3 repeats negative.
- 13) 1/3 false positive *E. coli* in initial testing. 3/3 repeats negative.

Microbial Interference

Potential microbial interference was evaluated by testing high concentrations of gram negative exclusivity organisms in combination with low concentrations of iC-GN target organisms. A total of sixty (60) gram negative exclusivity strains were tested at the highest possible concentrations, considered eight hours beyond initial bottle positivity or the equivalent. Eight (8) representative iC-GN target organisms were tested at concentrations below the lowest levels of bottle positivity. Each organism combination was tested in triplicate. Performance was based on all expected targets detected and no false positive targets detected. In the event of a false negative result, the combination was retested in replicates of ten (10). In the event of a false positive result or other failure, the combination was retested in replicates of three (3) or ten (10). Microbial interference results are presented in Table 11 below.

TABLE 11: iC-GN	TABLE 11: iC-GN Assay Microbial Interference Results										
Organism	ABX	ECX	EC	ко	KPN	PM	PA	SM	CTX-M-15	KPC-2	NDM-1
A. lwoffi	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
A. radioresistens	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
A. schindleri	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
A. ursingii	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
A. hydrophila	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
A. faecalis	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
B. fragilis	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	4/5 ¹	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
B. vesicularis	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
B. cepacia	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
C. coli	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
C. jejuni	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
C. davisae	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
C. amalonaticus	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
C. braakii	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
C. freundii	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	2/2	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
C. koseri	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
C. sedlakii	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
C. muytjensii	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
C. sakazakii	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
E. tarda	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5
E. aerogenes	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
E. amnigenus	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3
E. fergusonii	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
E. hermannii	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	13/13	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	12/13 ²	3/3

TABLE 11: iC-GN	TABLE 11: iC-GN Assay Microbial Interference Results										
Organism	ABX	ECX	EC	ко	KPN	PM	PA	SM	CTX-M-15	KPC-2	NDM-1
E. vulneris	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
F. varium	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
H. alvei	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
H. influenzae	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
H. parainfluenzae	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
K. ascorbata	10/13 ³	3/3	11/124	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	10/12 ⁴	3/3	3/3
L. adecarboxylata	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
L. grimontii	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
M. catarrhalis	12/13 ⁵	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
M. morganii	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5
N. gonorrhoeae	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
N. lactamica	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5
N. meningitidis	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3
N. mucosa	5/5	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3
N. sicca	5/6 ⁶	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
P. agglomerans	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
P. multocida	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
P. gergoviae	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
P. alcalifaciens	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
P. rettgeri	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
P. stuartii	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
P. fluorescens	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
P. luteola	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
P. mendocina	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3
P. nitroreducens	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
P. oryzihabitans	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3
P. putida	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5
P. stutzeri	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5
R. planitcola	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
S. enterica	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
S. fonticola	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
S. liquefaciens	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	12/13 ⁷	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	13/13	3/3
S. odorifera	3/3	3/3	3/3	12/138	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
S. rubidaea	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
S. maltophilia	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
V. parvula	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3

- 1) 1/3 array registration error in initial testing. 1/3 false positive *E. cloacae* complex in repeat testing.
- 2) 1/3 false negative KPC in initial testing. 10/10 repeats passed.
- 3) 3/3 false negative *A. baumannii* complex in initial testing; concentration was determined to be below the target limit of detection. 10/10 repeats passed.

- 4) 1/2 false negative CTX-M in initial testing. 1/10 false positive K. pneumoniae in repeat testing.
- 5) 1/3 false negative A. baumannii complex in initial testing. 10/10 repeats passed.
- 6) 1/3 false positive *E. coli* in initial testing. 3/3 repeats passed.
- 7) 1/3 false negative *K. pneumoniae* in initial testing. 10/10 repeats passed.
- 8) 1/3 false positive *S. marcescens* in initial testing. 10/10 repeats passed.

Competitive Inhibition

iC-GN Assay performance was evaluated with combinations of target analytes that may be found in mixed positive blood cultures. One target organism was prepared at the lowest level of bottle positivity, considered within two hours of bottle "ring", while the second target organism was prepared at the highest possible concentration, considered eight hours after initial bottle positivity. All organisms were grown in BD BACTEC Plus Aerobic blood cultures bottles with human blood added on the BD BACTEC System. The organisms were combined at a ratio of one part "low" to four parts "high". Each low concentration organism was tested in combination with each high concentration organism in triplicate. Performance was based on all expected targets detected. In the event of a false negative result, the organism combination was retested in replicates of ten (10) at the same "low" and "high" organism ratio. In the event of a reproducible false negative result, the organism combination was retested in replicates of ten (10) at a ratio of one part "low" to one part "high." Competitive inhibition results are presented in Table 12 below. All high concentration iC-GN targets were detected. Due to competitive inhibition, low concentration targets were not detected in 1.7% of tests (3/178). When iC-GN target organisms were present at similar concentrations, all targets were detected.

TABLE 12: iC-GN Assay Competitive Inhibition Performance								
		Target Performance						
Low	High Organism	Low	Low	High	High			
Organism	Ingii Oiganisiii	Organism	Marker	Organism	Marker			
	ECX	3/3	NA	3/3	NA			
	EC (CTX-M-15+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3			
	КО	3/3	NA	3/3	NA			
A. baumannii	KPN (KPC-2+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3			
	PM	3/3	NA	3/3	NA			
	PA (NDM-1+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3			
	SM	3/3	NA	3/3	NA			
	ABX	3/3	NA	3/3	1 FP KPC			
	EC (CTX-M-15+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3			
	KO	3/3	NA	3/3	NA			
E. cloacae	KPN (KPC-2+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3			
	PM	3/3	NA	3/3	NA			
	PA (NDM-1+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3			
	SM	3/3	NA	3/3	NA			
E. coli	ABX	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA			

TABLE 12: iC-G	N Assay Competitive In	hibition Perfo	rmance		
			Target Pe	rformance	
Low	High Organism	Low	Low	High	High
Organism	nigii Oigailisiii	Organism	Marker	Organism	Marker
(CTX-M-15+)	ECX	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
	KO	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
	KPN (KPC-2+)	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
	PM	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
	PA (NDM-1+)	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
	SM	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
	ABX	3/3	NA	3/3	NA
	ECX	3/3	NA	3/3	NA
	EC (CTX-M-15+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3
K. oxytoca	KPN (KPC-2+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3
	PM	3/3	NA	3/3	NA
	PA (NDM-1+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3
	SM	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
	ABX	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
	ECX	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
К.	EC (CTX-M-15+)	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
pneumoniae	КО	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
(KPC-2+)	PM	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
	PA (NDM-1+)	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
	SM	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
	ABX	3/3	NA	3/3	NA
	ECX	3/3	NA	3/3	NA
	EC (CTX-M-15+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3
P. mirabilis	КО	5/5	NA	5/5	NA
	KPN (KPC-2+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3
	PA (NDM-1+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3
	SM	3/3	NA	3/3	NA
	ABX	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
	ECX	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
	EC (CTX-M-15+)	12/13	11/13	13/13	13/13
P. aeruginosa	EC (CTX-M-15+) 1:1	10/10	10/10	10/10	10/10
(NDM-1+)	КО	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
, ,	KPN (KPC-2+)	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
	PM	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
	SM	3/3	3/3	3/3	NA
	ABX	3/3	NA	3/3	NA
Cmagnatation	ECX	3/3	NA	3/3	NA
S. marcescens	EC (CTX-M-15+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3
	КО	3/3	NA	3/3	NA

TABLE 12: iC-GN Assay Competitive Inhibition Performance								
Target Performance								
Low	High Organism	Low	Low	High	High			
Organism	nigii Organisiii	Organism	Marker	Organism	Marker			
	KPN (KPC-2+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3			
	PM	3/3	NA	3/3	NA			
	PA (NDM-1+)	3/3	NA	3/3	3/3			

Interfering Substances

iC-GN Assay performance was evaluated in the presence of potentially inhibiting substances that may be encountered in blood and blood culture media. Eight representative target organisms plus one non-target organism were evaluated. Organisms were tested at the lowest levels of bottle positivity, considered within two hours of bottle "ring." Potential interferents were tested at concentrations exceeding the highest concentrations that may be encountered in blood and blood culture media (Table 12). Target performance is based on all expected targets detected and no false positive targets detected. Non-target performance is based on all negative results. In the event of a false negative result, the organism/interferent combination was retested in replicates of ten (10). In the event of a false positive result or other failure, the organism/interferent combination was retested in triplicate. If the discordant result was observed in repeat testing, the combination was retested at a decreased inhibitor concentration. Interference results are presented in Table 13 below. Interference testing was performed in BD BACTEC Plus Aerobic blood culture bottle media, which has a sodium polyanetholesulfonate (SPS) concentration of 0.05% w/v. Additional SPS at a concentration greater than 0.05% w/v was found to interfere with the performance of some iC-GN Assay targets, resulting in increased false negative results and positive control check failures.

TABLE 13: Interfering Substances Test Panel							
Interference Compound	Clinically Relevant Concentration	Test Concentration					
Hemoglobin	1-2 g/L	10 g/L					
Conjugated Bilirubin	0.1-0.4 mg/dL	10 mg/dL					
Unconjugated Bilirubin	0.1-0.8 mg/dL	10 mg/dL					
Protein (γ-globulin + albumin)	0.7-1.7 g/dL	4 g/dL					
Triglyceride	300-500 mg/dL	1500 mg/dL					
Human Genomic DNA	NA	1 × 10 ⁶ cells/mL					
Sodium Polyanetholesulfonate (SPS)	0.02-0.05% w/v	0.1% w/v					
Cefepime	16 μg/mL	80 μg/mL					

TABLE 13: Interfering Substances Test Panel							
Interference Compound	Clinically Relevant Concentration	Test Concentration					
Ceftriaxone	16 μg/mL	80 μg/mL					
Fluconazole	25 μg/mL	100 μg/mL					
Gentamicin	20 μg/mL	80 μg/mL					
Meropenem	16 μg/mL	80 μg/mL					
Piperacillin	32 μg/mL	160 μg/mL					
Vancomycin	20 μg/mL	100 μg/mL					

TABLE 14: iC-GN Assay Interfering Substances Performance												
		Target Performance										
Interference Compound	АВХ	ECX	EC	ко	KPN	PM	PA	SM	SE	KPC -2	NDM- 1	CTX-M -15
Hemoglobin	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	14/14	3/3	5/5	3/3	14/14	3/3
Conjugated Bilirubin	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
Unconjugated Bilirubin	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
Protein (γ- globulin + albumin)	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
Triglyceride	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
Human Genomic DNA	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
SPS (0.1%)	3/12 ¹	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	2/12 ²	3/3	4/4	3/3	8/12 ³	3/3
SPS (0.5%)	3/3						3/3				3/3	
Cefepime	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
Ceftriaxone	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
Fluconazole	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
Gentamicin	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3
Meropenem	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	5/64	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5
Piperacillin	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3

TABLE 14: iC-GN Assay Interfering Substances Performance												
	Target Performance											
Interference	ABX	ECX	EC	ко	KPN	PM	PA	SM	SE	KPC	NDM-	CTX-M
Compound	ADA	ECX		Z)	KFIN	FIVI	FA	JIVI	5 L	-2	1	-15
Vancomycin	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/3	5/5	3/3	3/3

- 1) 2/3 false negative *A. baumannii* complex in initial testing. 7/9 false negative *A. baumannii* complex in repeat testing.
- 2) 3/3 false negative *P. aeruginosa* in initial testing. 7/9 false negative *P. aeruginosa* in repeat testing.
- 3) 4/9 false negative NDM in repeat testing.
- 4) 1/3 false positive *K. pneumoniae* in initial testing. 3/3 repeats passed.

Method Comparison

A method comparison study was performed at five (5) geographically dispersed clinical sites. Sites tested 1002 leftover de-identified specimens from anaerobic and aerobic blood culture bottles flagged as positive by their respective continuous monitoring blood culture system. Three of the commonly used blood culture systems were included in the study: Thermo Fisher VersaTREK, BD BACTEC and BioMerieux BacT/ALERT.

Patient positive blood cultures confirmed by Gram stain to be positive for gram negative bacilli were enrolled in the study. Any positive blood cultures showing an initial mixed Gram stain were not enrolled or were subsequently withdrawn from the study dataset.

Final performance of the iC-GN Assay organism targets was compared to reference culture followed by MALDI identification per the study protocol. Final performance of the iC-GN Assay resistance marker targets was compared to PCR amplification followed by confirmatory bidirectional sequencing. Phenotypic antimicrobial susceptibility testing (AST) was also performed on all specimens to identify additional samples which required sequencing. Discordant samples were also sequenced.

To supplement performance of observed lower prevalence organisms, 170 contrived samples were prepared using verified strains. Contrived samples were prepared at iCubate using BD BACTEC Plus Aerobic Blood Culture Bottles with 10mL of human blood added (in accordance with BACTEC instructions). Organisms were spiked into bottles at a concentration of 5-30 CFU/bottle and incubated until bottles were flagged as positive. Aliquots of samples were frozen and provided to the sites (frozen) for testing.

Of the 1107 positive blood culture specimens enrolled in the study, a total of 105 specimens were excluded/withdrawn from the study and all subsequent performance analyses. Of the 1002 specimens remaining, 976 were fresh prospective specimens and 26 (2.6%) were frozen prospective specimens.

The total specimens excluded from the iC-GN Assay Method Comparison Study (n=105) are listed by site and reason for exclusion in the table below. The most common reasons for exclusion included incomplete reference testing and repeat iC-GN errors.

Table 15: Withdrawn Summary

Site Code	Unresolved iC-GN Error	Incomplete Reference Method	Outside Fresh Stability Window	Didn't Meet Inclusion Criteria	Total Withdrawn
LAC	2	26	0	0	28
ΙU	0	10	0	0	10
MCW	2	23	0	2	27
TC	4	25	5	0	34
TGH	1	3	1	1	6
Total	9*	87	6	3	105

^{*}Please Note: the nine (9) samples that were excluded from performance analysis due to Unresolved iC-GN are included in the calculation of instrument errors; please refer to **Table 17: No-Calls**

Gender Demographics

Gender was reported when available for all clinical samples collected for the study. of the 1002 clinical samples included in performance analysis 47.3% were males and 52.6% were female; gender was not provided for 1/1002. The table below summarizes this data.

Table 16: Gender Stratification

Site	MALES		FEMALES		Not	Provided	Clinical Samples		
	#	%	#	%	#	%			
LAC	156	43.9%	199	56.1%	0	-	355		
IU	41	43.6%	53	56.4%	0	-	94		
MCW	109	58.0%	78	41.5%	1	0.5%	188		
TC	71	45.5%	85	54.5%	0	ı	156		
TGH	97	46.4%	112	53.6%	0	ı	209		
Total	474	47.3%	527	52.6%	1	0.1%	1002		

Error Rate

Throughout the course of the study, an initial error rate of 2.9 % (34/1181) was observed. Reasons for error included the following: *Positive controls check failure* (27), *Array registration error* (6), and *Processor/System error* (1). When an error was observed, repeat testing was performed with the iC-GN Assay per the protocol. Upon repeat testing, the error rate was reduced to 0.8% (9/1181).

Table 17: No-Calls

Internal Positive Control Failure		Instrum	ent Errors	Total Non-Reportable Rate		
Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Initial	Final	
#fail/#total	#fail/#total	#fail/#total	#fail/#total	#fail/#total	#fail/#total	
(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	
2.3%	0.8%	0.6%	-	2.9%	0.8%	
27/1181	9/1181	7/1181	0/1181	34/1181	9/1181	
[1.6-3.3%]	[0.4-1.4%]	[0.3-1.2%]	[0.0-0.3%]	[2.1-4.0%]	[0.4-1.4%]	

When performance of the iC-GN Assay was compared to reference culture followed by MALDI identification or PCR/bi-directional sequencing, there was no apparent difference in performance noted between the five study sites or between the three blood culture systems. Performance for all positive bottle types/systems combined is presented in the tables below for detection of the iC-GN Assay targets as compared to culture and MALDI or PCR/bi-directional sequencing. Results are stratified by prospectively tested fresh specimens, prospectively collected/retrospectively tested frozen specimens and contrived specimens.

	Table 18: iC-GN Assay Performance: Acinetobacter baumannii complex (ppa)							
Spe	Specimen		Percent	Percent Agreement				
-	Туре	N=	Positive (95% CI)	Negative (95% CI)				
	Fresh	976	100% 7/7 (64.6-100)	99.9% 968-969** (99.4-100)				
Prospective	Frozen	26	- 0/0 -	100% 26/26 (87.1-100)	Culture & MALDI			
P	TOTAL	1002	100% 7/7 (64.6-100)	99.9% 994/995 (99.4-100)				
Contrived 170		170	100% 45/45 (92.1-100)	100% 125/125 (97.0-100)				

^{**1/1} false positive observed was negative for A. baumannii complex by PCR/bi-directional sequencing

Tab	Table 20: iC-GN Assay Performance: Escherichia coli (uidA)								
Specimen		N=	Percent A	Percent Agreement					
	Туре	IV=	Positive (95% CI)	Negative (95% CI)					
	Fresh	976	98.4% 480/488* (96.8-99.2)	100% 488/488 (99.2-100)					
Prospective	Frozen	26	100% 6/6 (61.0-100)	100% 20/20 (83.9-100)	Culture & MALDI				
Pr	TOTAL 10		98.4% 486/494 (96.8-99.2)	100% 508/508 (99.2-100)					
Contrived 17		170	100% 15/15 (79.6-100)	100% 155/155 (97.6-100)					

^{*4/8} false negatives observed were negative for E. coli by PCR/bidirectional sequencing; 3/8 were positive for E. coli by PCR/bidirectional sequencing; 1/8 was not available for sequencing

Table 19: iC-GN Assay Performance: Enterobacter cloacae complex (ramA)								
Spe	Specimen		Specimen		Percent A	greement	Comparator Method	
•	Туре	N=	Positive (95% CI)	Negative (95% CI)				
a)	Fresh	976	94.5% 52/55* (85.1-98.1)	100% 921/921 (99.6-100)				
Prospective	Frozen	26	100% 5/5 (56.6-100)	100% 21/21 (84.5-100)	Culture & MALDI			
TOTAL		1002	95.0% 57/60 (86.3-98.3)	100% 942/942 (99.6-100)				
Contrived 170		170	100% 17/17 (81.6-100)	100% 153/153 (97.6-100)				

^{*1/3} false negatives observed was negative for E. cloacae complex by PCR/bi-directional sequencing; 2/3 were positive for E. cloacae complex by PCR/bi-directional sequencing

Table 21: iC-GN Assay Performance: Klebsiella oxytoca (pehX)							
Sp	ecimen	NI-	Percent A	Agreement	Comparator Method		
	Туре	N=	Positive (95% CI)	Negative (95% CI)	Comparator		
a)	Fresh	976	95.8% 23/24* (79.8-99.3)	99.7% 949/952** (99.1-99.9)			
Prospective	Frozen	26	- 0/0 -	100% 26/26 (87.1-100)			
Ь	TOTAL	1002	95.8% 23/24 (79.8-99.3)	99.7% 975/978 (99.1-99.9)			
Co	ontrived	170	100% 30/30 (88.6-100)	100% 140/140 (97.3-100)			

^{*1/1} false negative observed was negative for K. oxytoca by PCR/bi-directional sequencing

^{**3/3} false positives observed were negative for K. oxytoca by PCR/bi-directional sequencing

Table 22: iC-GN Assay Performance: *Klebsiella pneumoniae* (parC)

Sı	pecimen	N=	Percent A	Comparator Method	
Туре		IV-	Positive Negative (95% CI) (95% CI)		
Prospective	Fresh	976	96.8% 150/155* (92.7-98.6)	99.3% 815/821** (98.4-99.7)	
	Frozen	26	100% 3/3 (43.9-100)	100% 23/23 (85.7-100)	Culture & MALDI
	TOTAL	1002	96.8% 153/158 (92.8-98.6)	99.3% 838/844 (98.4-99.7)	
Contrived		170	100% 21/21 (84.5-100)	99.3% 148/149 (96.3-99.9)	

^{*3/5} false negatives observed were negative for K. pneumoniae by PCR/bi-directional sequencing; 2/3 were positive for K. pneumoniae by PCR/bi-directional sequencing

Table 24: iC-GN Assay Performance: *Pseudomonas* aeruginosa (algD)

aer	uginosa	(algD)			
•	Specimen N=		Comparat or Method		
Туре			Positive (95% CI)	Negative (95% CI)	
	Fresh	976	95.1% 78/82* (88.1-98.1)	99.8% 892/894** (99.2-99.9)	
Prospective	Frozen	26	100% 1/1 (20.7-100)	100% 25/25 (86.7-100)	Culture & MALDI
Pr	TOTAL	1002	95.2% 79/83 (88.3-98.1)	99.8% 917/919 (99.2-99.9)	
Co	ntrived	170	100% 10/10 (72.2-100)	100% 160/160 (97.7-100)	

^{*4/4} false negatives observed were positive for P. aeruginosa by PCR/bi-directional sequencing

Nineteen (19) samples were excluded from *Proteus mirabilis* performance analysis due to confirmed *Proteus* contamination within the BD BACTEC Bottles leaving a total of 983 evaluable specimens.

	Table 23: iC-GN Assay Performance: Proteus mirabilis (rpoB)								
	Specimen Type		NI-	Percent Ag	greement	Comparator Method			
			N=	Positive (95% CI)	Negative (95% CI)				
		Fresh	957	97.4% 37/38* (86.5-99.5)	99.5% 914/919** (98.7-99.8)				
	Prospective	Frozen	26	100% 9/9 (70.1-100)	100% 17/17 (81.6-100)	Culture & MALDI			
	а.	TOTAL	983	97.9% 46/47 (88.9-99.6)	99.5% 931/936 (98.8-99.8)				
	Contrived		170	100% 12/12	100% 158/158				

^{*1/1} false negative observed was positive for P. mirabilis by PCR/bi-directional sequencing

Table 25: iC-GN Assay Performance: Serratia marcescens (gyrB)

	(9). = /									
	Specimen		Percent A _{	greement	Comparator Method					
	Туре		Positive (95% CI)	Negative (95% CI)						
4)	Fresh	esh 976 100% 29/29 (88.3-100)		99.6% 943/947** (98.9-99.8)						
Prospective	Frozen	26	- 0/0 -	100% 26/26 (87.1-100)	Culture & MALDI					
<u>а</u>	TOTAL	100 2	100% 29/29 (88.3-100)	99.6% 969/973 (98.9-99.8)						
Co	Contrived		100% 20/20 (83.9-100)	99.3% 149/150 (96.3-99.9)						

^{**1/4} false positives observed was positive for S. marcescens by PCR/bi-directional sequencing; 3/4 were negative for S. marcescens by PCR/bi-directional sequencing

^{**6/6} false positives observed were negative for K. pneumoniae by PCR/bi-directional sequencing

^{**2/2} false positives observed were negative for P. aeruginosa by PCR/bi-directional sequencing

^{**3/5} false positives observed were negative for P. mirabilis by PCR/bi-directional sequencing; 2/5 were not available for sequencing

Table 26: iC-GN Assay Performance: CTX-M							
Spe	cimen	N-	Percent A	greement	Comparato r Method		
Туре		N=	Positive (95% CI)	Negative (95% CI)			
	Fresh	976	97.0% 64/66 (89.6-99.2)	99.9% 909/910 (99.4-100)	PCR/Bi-		
Prospective	Frozen	26	100% 1/1 (20.7-100)	100% 25/25 (86.7-100)	directional sequencing		
Pro	TOTAL	1002	97.0% 65/67 (89.8-99.2)	99.9% 934/935 (99.4-100)			
Contrived		170	100% 15/15 (79.6-100)	100% 155/155 (97.6-100)			

Table 27: iC-GN Assay Performance: KPC							
Sp	ecimen	N=	Percent	Agreement	Comparator Method		
	Туре	IN=	Positive (95% CI)	Negative (95% CI)			
0	Fresh	976	100% 1/1 (20.7-100)	99.9% 974/975 (99.4-100)	PCR/Bi-		
Prospective	Frozen	26	- 0/0 -	100% 26/26 (87.1-100)	directional sequencing		
<u>a</u>	TOTAL	1002	100% 1/1 (20.7-100)	99.9% 1000/1001 (99.4-100)			
Contrived		170	100% 50/50 (92.9-100)	99.2% 119/120 (95.4-99.9)			

Table 28: iC-GN Assay Performance: NDM							
Spe	ecimen	N=	Percent	Agreement	Comparator Method		
7	Гуре	IV=	Positive (95% CI)	Negative (95% CI)			
	Fresh	976	- 0/0 -	100% 976/976 (99.6-100)	PCR/Bi-		
Prospective	Frozen	26	- 0/0 -	100% 26/26 (87.1-100)	directional sequencing		
Pro	TOTAL	1002	- 0/0 -	100% 1002/1002 (99.6-100)			
Contrived 17		170	100% 50/50 (92.9-100)	100% 120/120 (96.9-100)			

Analysis of Mixed Culture Results:

In the method comparison study, there were thirty (30) mixed culture specimens that were detected by the iC-GN Assay, culture and MALDI, or both. The tables below list the mixed target combinations detected by iC-GN and the comparator method in the clinical study. There were twelve (12) discrepant mixed samples for which iC-GN detected a target that was not detected by the comparator assay. There were four (4) discrepant mixed samples for which the comparator assay detected targets that were not detected by iC-GN. Due to competitive

inhibition, target organisms present at low concentrations may not be detected by the iC-GN Assay when a second target organism is present at higher concentrations.

TABLE	29: Multi	ple Organism De	tections by iC-GN	l as Compared to	o Culture/N	/IALDI	
Multipl	e Detectio	ons by iC-GN			Total Targets Detected	No of Discrepant Targets	Discrepant Results (Targets Not Detected by
Site	ID	Target 1	Target 2	Target 3	by iC-GN		culture/MALDI)
LAC	1102	E. coli	K. pneumoniae		2	0	
LAC	1118	E. coli	K. pneumoniae		2	0	
LAC	1141	E. coli	K. pneumoniae		2	0	
LAC	1220	E. cloacae complex	E. coli		2	0	
LAC	1236	E. coli	K. oxytoca	K. pneumoniae	3	1	K. oxytoca
LAC	1285	K. pneumoniae	S. marcescens		2	1	S. marcescens
LAC	1307	E. coli	K. oxytoca		2	0	
LAC	1378	E. coli	K. pneumoniae		2	1	K. pneumoniae
LAC	1382	K. oxytoca	K. pneumoniae		2	1	K. oxytoca
MCW	2023	E. coli	K. pneumoniae		2	0	
MCW	2032	E. cloacae complex	K. oxytoca		2	0	
MCW	2038	K. oxytoca	K. pneumoniae		2	0	
MCW	2041	E. coli	P. mirabilis		2	0	
MCW	2104	E. coli	S. marcescens		2	1	S. marcescens
MCW	2193	K. pneumoniae	S. marcescens		2	2	K. pneumoniae, S. marcescens
TC	3015	K. oxytoca	P. aeruginosa		2	2	K. oxytoca, P. aeruginosa
TC	3096	E. coli	K. pneumoniae		2	1	K. pneumoniae
TC	3131	E. cloacae complex	K. pneumoniae		2	0	
TC	3183	K. pneumoniae	S. marcescens		2	1	S. marcescens
TGH	4031	E. coli	P. mirabilis		2	1	P. mirabilis
TGH	4037	E. coli	P. aeruginosa		2	0	
TGH	4124	E. cloacae complex	P. aeruginosa		2	1	P. aeruginosa
TGH	4132	E. cloacae complex	K. pneumoniae		2	0	
IU	5025	A. baumannii complex	K. pneumoniae		2	1	A. baumannii complex
IU	5031	E. coli	K. pneumoniae		2	0	
IU	5042	E. cloacae complex	K. pneumoniae		2	0	

TABLE	TABLE 29: Multiple Organism Detections by Culture/MALDI as Compared to iC-GN							
Multip	e Detectio	ons by culture/MALDI		Total Targets Detected	Discrepant Targets	Discrepant Targets (Targets Not Detected by		
Site	ID	Target 1	Target 2	by Culture		iC-GN)		
LAC	1102	K. pneumoniae	E. coli	2	0			
LAC	1118	K. pneumoniae	E. coli	2	0			
LAC	1141	E. coli	K. pneumoniae	2	0			
LAC	1220	E. cloacae complex	E. coli	2	0			
LAC	1236	K. pneumoniae	E. coli	2	0			
LAC	1268	P. aeruginosa	P. mirabilis	2	1	P. aeruginosa		
LAC	1307	E. coli	K. oxytoca	2	0			
LAC	1338	E. coli	K. pneumoniae	2	1	K. pneumoniae		
MCW	2023	K. pneumoniae	E. coli	2	0			
MCW	2032	K. oxytoca	E. cloacae complex	2	0			
MCW	2038	K. pneumoniae	K. oxytoca	2	0			
MCW	2041	P. mirabilis	E. coli	2	0			
TC	3006	E. coli	K. pneumoniae	2	1	K. pneumoniae		
TC	3131	E. cloacae complex	K. pneumoniae	2	0			
TGH	4007	E. coli	P. aeruginosa	2	1	P. aeruginosa		
TGH	4037	E. coli	P. aeruginosa	2	0			
TGH	4132	K. pneumoniae	E. cloacae complex	2	0			
IU	5031	E. coli	K. pneumoniae	2	0			
IU	5042	K. pneumoniae	E. cloacae complex	2	0			

Expected Values:

A total of 1002 prospectively collected fresh and frozen blood culture specimens were obtained from five geographically dispersed clinical sites. The number and percentage of positive cases (positivity rate) determined by the iC-GN Assay stratified by U.S. state for each of the organisms and resistance markers detected by the assay are presented below. Overall, the iC-GN Assay detected at least one organism in 89% (901/1002) prospectively collected specimens and at least one resistance marker in 6.8% (68/1002) prospectively collected specimens. Expected values are presented in the table below.

TABLE 30: Positivity by the iC-GN Assay as Observed in the Clinical Study								
Organism	U.S. State	NY	WI	NM	FL	IN	TOTAL	
	TOTAL n	355	188	156	209	94	1002	
Acinetobacter	POSITIVE n	1	1	0	3	3	8	
baumannii complex	% Positivity	0.3%	0.5%	0.0%	1.4%	3.2%	0.8%	
	POSITIVE n	27	11	5	13	1	57	

TABLE 30: Positivit	y by the iC-GN	Assay as C	bserved in t	he Clinical S	tudy		
Organism	U.S. State	NY	WI	NM	FL	IN	TOTAL
Organism	TOTAL n	355	188	156	209	94	1002
Enterobacter cloacae complex	% Positivity	7.6%	5.9%	3.2%	6.2%	1.1%	5.7%
Escherichia coli	POSITIVE n	182	74	94	88	48	486
ESCHEFICHIA COII	% Positivity	51.3%	39.4%	60.3%	42.1%	51.1%	48.5%
Klobsiella ovutesa	POSITIVE n	9	7	2	4	4	26
Klebsiella oxytoca	% Positivity	2.5%	3.7%	1.3%	1.9%	4.3%	2.6%
Klebsiella	POSITIVE n	51	32	28	33	15	159
pneumoniae	% Positivity	14.4%	15.4%	17.3%	15.8%	16.0%	15.9%
Duntaur un innhilia	POSITIVE n	21	9	1	13	7	51
Proteus mirabilis	% Positivity	5.9%	4.8%	0.6%	6.2%	7.4%	5.1%
Pseudomonas	POSITIVE n	24	19	5	25	8	81
aeruginosa	% Positivity	6.8%	10.1%	3.2%	12.0%	8.5%	8.1%
Cti	POSITIVE n	9	8	2	8	6	33
Serratia marcescens	% Positivity	2.5%	4.3%	1.3%	3.8%	6.4%	3.3%
Resistance Marker	TOTAL n	355	188	156	209	94	1002
KDC	POSITIVE n	0	2	0	0	0	2
KPC	% Positivity	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
N/DA/A	POSITIVE n	0	0	0	0	0	0
NDM	% Positivity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CTV MA	POSITIVE n	12	22	7	15	10	66
CTX-M	% Positivity	3.4%	11.7%	4.5%	7.2%	10.6%	6.6%

Statement of Safety and Effectiveness

The data presented clearly demonstrates the safety and efficacy of the iC-GN Assay™ for use on the iC-System as compared to the reference method when the product Instructions for Use are followed.